

# RM-350EC/120 & /240 RM-350TB/120 & /240 Digital Panel Meters



#### OVERVIEW

The model RM-350EC/120, RM-350TB/120, RM-350EC/240 and RM-350TB/240 are 3½ digit, fixed-range, line powered, digital panel meters for making DC voltage measurements. The suffix EC indicates Edge Connector and TB indicates Terminal Block. The last three digits of the model number indicate the line input voltage. DC current may also be measured by connecting a shunt resistor across the DC signal input terminals.

The meters are available in any one of five ranges: 200 mV, 2 V, 20 V, 200 V, or 1000 Volts.

Modification from one range to another is easily accomplished by changing one or two resistors. Calibration is readily accomplished by the adjustment of one potentiometer accessible at the front of the meter.

The value of the measured DC voltage (or current) is displayed in 0.56" LED numerals, a decimal point and a polarity sign. Also an 0.8" LED option is available.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Range: 0

0 to 200mVolts

0 to 2Volts

0 to 20Volts

0 to 200Volts

0 to 1000Volts

Accuracy: + 0.05% Reading, +2 digits

Update Rate: 3 readings/sec, nominal

Display: 0.56" LED or

0.8" large LED option

Power:

RM-350EC/120 RM-350TB/120

105 to 125 VAC 50/60 Hz

RM-350EC/240 RM-350TB/240 210 to 250 VAC 50/60 Hz

Operating Temp.: 0°C to +50°C

Input Z: 200mV & 2V range, 1000 M $\Omega$ ; 20V range, 1 M $\Omega$ ; 200V and 1000V ranges, 10 M $\Omega$ .

Input Current: 250pA max. (room temp.)

Input Voltage Protection: ±50 VDC or 50 vRMS max., 0.2V & 2V ranges; ±150VDC or 150vRMS max., 20V range; ±1000VDC or 700vRMS max., 200V & 1000V ranges.

Decimal Location: may be positioned by a jumper on the connector to any of the three locations, ±X.X.X.X

Overload Indication: Left-most digit is the numeral 1; remaining digits are blank.

Warm-up Time: 10 seconds

Weight: Approx. 13 ounces (368 g)

### CONSTRUCTION

The RM Series DC reading, AC powered panel meters contain two printed circuit board assemblies, mounted one above the other. The lower assembly is the display/ main board assembly and the upper assembly is the AC/DC converter assembly. For the Rm-350EC/120 and RM-350EC/240. all interconnections between the upper and lower assemblies are made via the mating connectors at the rear of the meter. For the RM-350TB/120 and RM-350TB/240, all interconnections between the upper and lower assemblies are made via the terminal blocks.

#### MOUNTING DATA

A rectangular panel cutout is recommended for mounting the instrument. The recommended dimensions are:

92 mm, (3.622 in.) x 43 mm, (1.693 in.)

The meter will also fit the DIN/NEMA 1/8 standard cutout, 92 mm x 45 mm (3.622 in. x 1.772 in.) and the widely used, 99.7 mm x 42.72 mm (3.925 in. x 1.682 in.).

Any panel thickness from 1.524 mm (0.06 in.) to 4.57 mm (0.18 in.) may be used.

To mount the meter; insert the meter from the front side of the panel cutout. Place the retaining spring in the rear holes in the sides of the meter case and slide it behind the mounting panel to fasten the meter in place. It does not matter whether the retaining spring swings from above or below the meter.

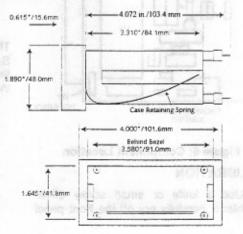
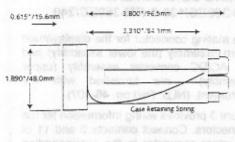


Figure 1: Card-Edge Configuration



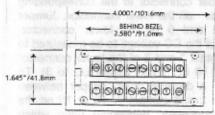


Figure 2. Terminal Block Config.

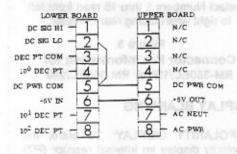
# TERMINAL BLOCK WIRING FOR: RM-350TB/120 & RM-350TB/240

Figure 4 provides wiring information for the terminal blocks. Connect terminals 5 and 6 of the upper terminal block to the corresponding terminals on the lower terminal block. Jumper terminals 2 and 5 on the lower terminal block. Connect the DC signal to be measured to terminals 1 and 2 of the lower terminal block (Signal Hi to 1 and Signal LO to 2). To display a decimal point, jumper between terminals 3 and terminals 4, 7, or 8 on the lower terminal block, depending upon which decimal point is to be displayed.

Dec. Location: X • X • X • X Terminal: 8 7 4

If decimal point is not desired, omit jumper.

Connect the AC power to terminals 7 and 8 of the upper terminal block. The "hot" side of the AC line should be connected to terminal 8 since it is this terminal which is connected to the internal fuse.



Terminal Numbers 1 thru 8 read from left to right when facing rear of meter.

Figure 4.
Terminal Block Wiring Information
RM-350TB/120 or RM-350TB/240

## WIRING CONNECTORS for: RM-350EC/120 & RM-350EC/240

The mating connector for the display/main board assembly (the lower assembly) and the AC/DC converter assembly (upper assembly) are furnished with the instrument. (NLS Part no. 46-107).

Figure 3 provides wiring information for the connectors. Connect contacts 9 and 11 of the upper connector to the corresponding contacts on the lower connector. Jumper pins 3 and 9 of the lower connector. Connect the DC voltage to be measured to the contact 1 and 3 of the lower connector (Signal HI to 1 and Signal LO to 3). To display a decimal point, jumper between contact 5 and contact 7, 13 or 15 on the lower connector, depending upon which decimal point is to be displayed.

Dec. Location: X • X • X • X • X Conn. Term.: 15 13 7

If decimal point, is not desired, omit jumper.

Connect the AC power to contacts 13 and 15 on the upper connector. The "hot" side of the AC line should be connected to contact 15 since it is this contact which is connected to the internal fuse.

LOWER BOARD	UPPER BOARD
DC SIG NI	1 .N/C
N/C 2	2 N/C
DE 800 10 - 3	3 N/C
NE 4	A N/C
DEC P7 CON - 5	5 N/C
N/C 6	6 K/C
100 DEC PT - 7	7 N/C
N/C 8	8 ×/c
DC PWB CON 9 K-	9 DC PWR COE
NC. ENABLE 10	10 N/C
• 50 D: 1] :-	-5v OCT
POL. ENABLE 12	12 N/C
101 DEC PT - 13	13 - AC NEUT
N/C 14	14 N/C
11- DEC PT - 15	15 - AC PWE

Contact Numbers 1 thru 15 read from left to right when facing rear of meter.

Figure 3.

Connector Pin Information for RM-350EC/120 or RM-350EC/240

#### DISPLAY BLANKING

1. POLARITY DISPLAY: To blank the polarity display an internal resistor (R7) may be removed (figure 5). To dim the polarity display the internal resistor may be replaced by a different value. The value of the resistor is best determined experimentally by the brightness desired. The polarity display may also be dimmed or blanked by external connections on the RM-350EC/120. First

remove the internal resistor (R7).

Dimming is then accomplished by connecting a resistor between pins 11 and 12 of the mating connector on the lower board. Full brightness is obtained by connecting a jumper between these pins.

 NUMBER DISPLAY: The number display may be blanked or dimmed in the same way as the polarity display. An internal jumper or resistor is used for internal control. Pins 10 and 11 of the mating connector on the lower board of the RM-350EC/120 are used for external control

#### RANGE MODIFICATION.

 Remove all sources of power and signal from the meter.

# \*\*For RM-350EC/120 & RM-350EC/240 only:

Unplug the two mating connectors.

- Using a knife or a small screw driver blade, carefully pry off the front panel
- Remove the two screws and brackets behind the front panel.
- Slide the meter out of the case.
- Install the resistors specified in Table I to obtain desired range. See Figure 5 for component locations.
- 7. Reassemble the meter.
- 8. Calibrate the meter.
- If a decimal indication is required, refer to the applicable paragraphs on wiring connectors or terminal blocks.

Table I.
Resistor Values in Range MOD

RANGE*	R9	R10
2V	100ΚΩ 5%	OMIT
20V	909ΚΩ 1%	100ΚΩ 1%
200V	10ΜΩ 1%	100KΩ 1%
1000V	10ΜΩ 1%	10KΩ 1%

\*For 200mV range call the Factory

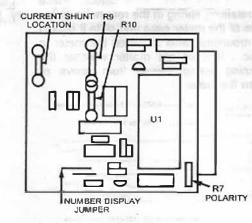


Figure 5: Component Location

### **CALIBRATION**

 Use a knife or small screw driver blade, carefully pry off the front panel

- to gain access to the calibration potentiometer.
- 2. Verify that the line voltage is correct
- 3. Allow the meter to warm up for five min.
- Apply DC input signal voltages as follows:

RANGE OF INSTRUMENT	VOLTAGE
200 mV	0 .1990 V
2 V	1.990 V
20 V	19.90 V
200 V	199.0 V
1000 V	900 V

- Adjust the potentiometer at lower right of the display panel until the display agrees with input.
- Disconnect the calibration voltage and power supply input.
- 7. Replace the front panel.

#### **CURRENT MEASUREMENT**

The meter should be a 2 volt range meter or be so modified. A shunt resistor may be placed between DC signal HI and DC signal LO in the lower board to permit current measurement. Also, an external shunt resistor may be connected between Signal HI and Signal LO.

Select the value of the shunt resistor in Table II below. One percent metal-film or wire-wound resistors are recommended.

Table II.
Shunt Resistor Values

Full Scale Current Range	Shunt Resistor meter in 2V Range
2 mA	1ΚΩ 1%
20 mA	100 Ω
200 mA	10 Ω
2 A	1Ω*

<sup>\*</sup> External shunt or transformer

#### **MAINTENANCE**

The fuse is located in fuse clips on the upper board assembly. The RM-350EC/120 & RM-350TB/120 meters are protected with a 3AG, 1/8 ampere, "Slo-Blo" fuse. The RM-350EC/240 & RM-350TB/240 meters are protected with a 3AG, 1/16 ampere, "Slo-Blo" fuse.

#### Specifications Subject to Change without Notice

Thank you for choosing Non-Linear Systems. Should you have any questions Please call, FAX or visit us at our Website nonlinear systems.com.

# **Non-Linear Systems**

Originator of the digital voltmeter

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